access to, data stored on machine readable media. Internal control procedures must be documented by a responsible supervisory official.

- (3) Each transfer of data from one media to another must be verified for accuracy and documented. Software and hardware required to produce readable records must be retained for the same period the media format is used.
- (f) Destruction of records. At the expiration of the retention period, the company may use any appropriate method to destroy records. Precautions should be taken, however, to macerate or otherwise destroy the legibility of records, the content of which is forbidden by law to be divulged to unauthorized persons.
- (g) Premature destruction or loss of records. When records are destroyed or lost before the expiration of the prescribed period of retention, a certified statement listing, as far as may be determined, the records destroyed and describing the circumstances of accidental or other premature destruction or loss must be filed with the Commission within 90 days from the date of discovery of the destruction.
- (h) Schedule of records and periods of retention. The schedule of records retention periods constitutes a part of these records retention regulations. The schedule prescribes the periods of time that designated records must be preserved. Plant records related to public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies must be retained in accordance with §§ 125.3 and 225.3 of this chapter.
- (i) Retention periods designated "Destroy at option." "Destroy at option" constitutes authorization for destruction of records at managements' discre-

tion if the destruction does not conflict with other legal retention requirements or usefulness of the records in satisfying pending regulatory actions or directives. "Destroy at option after audit" requires retention until the company has received an opinion from its independent accountants with respect to the financial statements including the transactions to which the records relate.

- (j) Records of services performed by associate companies. Holding companies and service companies must assure the availability of records of services performed by and for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies with supporting cost information for the periods indicated in §§125.3 and 225.3 of this chapter as necessary to be able to readily furnish detailed information as to the nature of the transaction, the amounts involved, and the accounts used to record the transactions.
- (k) Rate case. Notwithstanding the minimum retention periods provided in these regulations, the company must retain the appropriate records to support the costs and adjustments proposed in any rate case.
- (1) Pending complaint litigation or governmental proceedings. Notwithstanding the minimum requirements, if a company is involved in pending litigation, complaint procedures, proceedings remanded by the court, or governmental proceedings, it must retain all relevant records.
- (m) *Life or mortality study data*. Life or mortality study data for depreciation purposes must be retained for 25 years or for 10 years after property is retired, whichever is longer.

#### §368.3 Schedule of records and periods of retention.

SCHEDULE OF RECORDS AND PERIODS OF RETENTION

Item No. and description	Retention period	
Corporate and General		
Reports to stockholders: Annual reports or statements to stockholders.	5 years.	
2. Organizational documents:		
(a) Minute books of stockholders, directors' and directors' committee meetings	5 years or termination of the corporation's existence, which-	

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Item No. and description	Retention period
(b) Title, franchises, and licenses: Copies of formal or- ders of regulatory commissions served upon the	6 years after final non-appealable order.
company.  (1) Certificates of incorporation, or equivalent agreements and amendments thereto.  (2) Deeds, leases and other title papers (including abstracts of title and supporting data), and contracts and agreements related to the acquisition or disposition of property or investments.  3. Contracts and agreements: Contracts, including amend-	Life of corporation.  6 years after property or investment is disposed of unless delivered to transferee.
ments and agreements (except contracts provided for elsewhere):  (a) Service contracts, such as for management, con-	All contracts, related memoranda, and revisions should be re-
sulting, accounting, legal, financial or engineering services.	tained for 4 years after expiration or until the conclusion of any contract disputes pertaining to such contracts, whichever is later.
(b) Memoranda essential to clarify or explain provisions of contracts and agreements.	For same period as contract to which they relate.
<ul> <li>(c) Card or book records of contracts, leases, and agreements made, showing dates of expirations and of renewals, memoranda of receipts, and payments under such contracts.</li> <li>(d) Contracts and other agreements relating to serv-</li> </ul>	For the same periods as contracts to which they relate.  All contracts, related memoranda, and revisions should be re-
ices performed in connection with construction of property (including contracts for the construction of property by others for the company and for supervision and engineering relating to construction work).  4. Accountants' and auditors' reports:	tained for 4 years after expiration or until the conclusion of any contract disputes or governmental proceedings per- taining to such contracts, whichever is later.
(a) Reports of examinations and audits by account- ants and auditors not in the regular employ of the company (such as reports of public accounting firms and commission accountants).	5 years after the date of the report.
(b) Internal audit reports and working papers	5 years after the date of the report.
Information Techn	ology Management
<ol> <li>Automatic data processing records (retain original source data used as input for data processing and data processing report printouts for the applicable periods prescribed else- where in the schedule): Software program documentation and revisions thereto.</li> </ol>	Retain as long as it represents an active viable program or for periods prescribed for related output data, whichever is shorter.
General Accou	unting Records
6. General and subsidiary ledgers:	
(a) Ledgers:  (1) General ledgers(2) Ledgers subsidiary or auxiliary to general ledgers except ledgers provided for elsewhere.	10 years. 10 years.
(b) Indexes:  (1) Indexes to general ledgers	10 years. 10 years.
(c) Trial balance sheets of general and subsidiary ledgers.	2 years
Journals: General and subsidiary      Journal vouchers and journal entries including supporting detail:	10 years.
<ul> <li>(a) Journal vouchers and journal entries</li> <li>(b) Analyses, summarization, distributions, and other computations which support journal vouchers and journal entries:</li> </ul>	10 years.
(1) Charging property accounts	25 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.
(2) Charging all other accounts	6 years. 5 years after close of fiscal year. 5 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.

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Item No. and description	Retention period
<ul> <li>(a) Paid and canceled vouchers (one copy-analysis sheets showing detailed distribution of charges on individual vouchers and other supporting papers.</li> <li>(b) Original bills and invoices for materials, services, etc., paid by vouchers.</li> <li>(c) Paid checks and receipts for payments of specific vouchers.</li> </ul>	years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.      years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.      years.
(d) Authorization for the payment of specific vouchers  (e) Lists of unaudited bills (accounts payable), list of vouchers transmitted, and memoranda regarding	5 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.  Destroy at option.
changes in audited bills.  (f) Voucher indexes(g) Purchases and stores records related to disbursement vouchers.	Destroy at option. 5 years.
Insur	rance
2. Insurance records:	
<ul> <li>(a) Records of insurance policies in force, showing coverage, premiums paid, and expiration dates.</li> <li>(b) Records of amounts recovered from insurance companies in connection with losses and of claims against insurance companies, including reports of losses, and supporting papers.</li> </ul>	Destroy at option after expiration of such policies.  6 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.
(c) Records of self-insurance against:  (1) losses from fire and casualty,	6 years after date of last accounting entry with respect thereto. 6 years after date of last accounting entry with respect thereto. 6 years after date of last accounting entry with respect thereto. Destroy when superseded.
Mainte	enance
Maintenance project and work orders:     (a) Authorizations for expenditures for maintenance work to be covered by project or work orders, including memoranda showing the estimates of costs	5 years.
to be incurred. (b) Project or work order sheets to which are posted in detail the entries for labor, material, and other charges in connection with maintenance, and other work pertaining to company operations.	
(c) Summaries of expenditures on maintenance and job orders and clearances to operating other ac- counts (exclusive of property accounts).	5 years.
Property, Depreciati	ion and Investments
4. Property records, excluding documents included in Item	
<ul> <li>(a) Ledgers of property accounts including land and other detailed ledgers showing the cost of property by classes.</li> </ul>	25 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.
(b) Continuing property inventory ledger, book or card records showing description, location, quantities, cost, etc., of physical units (or items) of property owned.	25 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.
	3 years after disposition, termination of lease, or write-off or
(c) Operating equipment records	
	property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or
(c) Operating equipment records	property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or years.
(c) Operating equipment records	property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or property or investment.
(c) Operating equipment records  (d) Office furniture and equipment records  (e) Automobiles, other vehicles and related garage equipment records.	property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or property or investment.  3 years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or years after disposition, termination of lease or write-off or years.

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Item No. and description	Retention period
(a) Construction work in progress ledgers	5 years after clearance to property account, provided continuing inventory records are maintained; otherwise 5 years after property is retired.
(b) Project or work orders sheets to which are posted in summary form or in detail the entries for labor, materials, and other charges for property additions and the entries closing the project or work orders to	5 years after clearance to property account, provided continuing inventory records are maintained; otherwise 5 years after property is retired.
property records at completion.	
(c) Authorizations for expenditures for additions to property, including memoranda showing the detailed estimates of cost, and the bases therefore (includ- ing original and revised or subsequent authoriza- tions).	5 years after clearance to property account.
<ul> <li>(d) Requisitions and registers of authorizations for property expenditures.</li> </ul>	5 years after clearance to property account.
<ul> <li>(e) Completion or performance reports showing com- parison between authorized estimates and actual expenditures for property additions.</li> </ul>	5 years after clearance to property account.
(f) Analysis or cost reports showing quantities of ma- terials used, unit costs, number of man-hours etc., in connection with completed construction project.	5 years after clearance to property account.
<ul> <li>(g) Records and reports pertaining to progress of construction work, the order in which jobs are to be completed, and similar records which do not form a basis of entries to the accounts.</li> <li>16. Retirement work in progress ledgers, project or work or-</li> </ul>	Destroy at option.
ders, and supplemental records:  (a) Project or work order sheets to which are posted the entries for removal costs, materials recovered, and credits to property accounts for cost of property retirement.	5 years after the property is retired.
(b) Authorizations for retirement of property, including memoranda showing the basis for determination to be retired and estimates of salvage and removal	5 years after the property is retired.
costs.  (c) Registers of retirement work	5 years. 5 years.
(a) Appraisals and valuations made by the company of its properties or investments or of the properties or investments of any associated companies. (Includes all records essential thereto.).  (b) Determinations of amounts by which properties or investments of the company or any of its associated companies will be either written up or written down as a result of:	3 years after appraisal.
(1) Mergers or acquisitions	10 years after completion of transaction or as ordered by the Commission.
(2) Asset impairments	10 years after recognition of asset impairment.     10 years after the asset was written up or down.     6 years after completion of project or work order.
of the company.  20. Engineering records, drawings, supporting data to include diagrams, profiles, photographs, field-survey notes, plot plans, detail drawings, and records of engineering studies that are part of or performed by the company within the project or work order system.	6 years after completion of project or work order.
<ul><li>21. Records of building space occupied by various departments of the company.</li><li>22. Contracts relating to property:</li></ul>	6 years.
(a) Contracts relating to property: <ul> <li>(a) Contracts relating to acquisition or sale of property</li> <li>(b) Contracts and other agreements relating to services performed in connection with construction of property (including contracts for the construction of property by others for the company and for supervision and engineering relating to construction work).</li> </ul>	6 years after property is retired or sold 6 years after property is retired or sold.

Item No. and description	Retention period
Records pertaining to reclassification of property accounts to conform to prescribed systems of accounts including supporting papers showing the bases for such reclassifications.     Records of accumulated provisions for depreciation and	6 years.
depletion of property and amortization of intangible property and supporting computation of expense:  (a) Detailed records or analysis sheets segregating the accumulated depreciation according to the clas- sification of property.	3 years after retirement or disposition of property
(b) Records reflecting the service life of property and the percentage of salvage and cost of removal for property retired from each account for depreciable company property.	3 years after retirement or disposition of property
Investment records:     (a) Records of investment in associate companies     (b) Records of other investments, including temporary investments of cash.	3 years after disposition of investment.     3 years after disposition of investment.
Purchase	and Stores
	6 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies. 6 years. 6 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies.  6 years after the date the records/ledgers were created. 6 years. See §§ 125.2(g) and 225.2(g) of this chapter for public utilities and licensees and natural gas companies).  Accounting
29. Miscellaneous billing data: Billing department's copies of contracts with customers (other than contracts in general files).	5 years.
<ol> <li>Revenue summaries: Summaries of monthly revenues ac- cording to classes of service. Including summaries of for- feited discounts and penalties.</li> </ol>	5 years.
Т	ax
31. Tax records:  (a) Copies of tax returns and supporting schedules filed with taxing authorities, supporting working papers, records of appeals of tax bills, and receipts for payment. See Item 11 for vouchers evidencing disbursements:  (1) Income tax returns	2 years after final tax liability is determined. 2 years after final tax liability is determined.
(1) Property tax returns	2 years after final tax liability is determined. 2 years. 2 years after final tax liability is determined. 5 years after discontinuance of plan.
benefit plans.  (d) Information returns and reports to taxing authorities.	3 years after final tax liability is determined.

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#### SCHEDULE OF RECORDS AND PERIODS OF RETENTION—Continued

Item No. and description	Retention period
Trea	sury
Statements of funds and deposits:     (a) Summaries and periodic statements of cash balances on hand and with depositories for company	Destroy at option after completion of audit by independent accountants.
or associate. (b) Requisitions and receipts for funds furnished associates and others.	Destroy at option after funds have been returned or accounted for.
(c) Statements of periodic deposits with external fund administrators or trustees.	Retain records for the most recent 3 years.
(d) Statements of periodic withdrawals from external fund.	Retain records for the most recent 3 years.
33. Records of deposits with banks and others: <ul> <li>(a) Statements from depositories showing the details of funds received, disbursed, transferred, and balances on deposit, bank reconcilement papers and statements of interest credits.</li> </ul>	Destroy at option after completion of audit by independent accountants.
(b) Check stubs, registers, or other records of checks issued.	6 years.
Payroll	Records
34. Payroll records:	
<ul> <li>(a) Payroll sheets or registers of payments of salaries and wages, pensions and annuities paid by com- pany or by contractors of its account.</li> </ul>	6 years.
(b) Récords showing the distribution of salaries and wages paid for each payroll period and summaries or recapitulations of such distribution.	6 years.
Miscell	aneous
35. Financial, operating and statistical annual reports regularly prepared in the course of business for internal administrative or operating purposes.	5 years.
36. Budgets and other forecasts (prepared for internal administrative or operating purposes) of estimated future income, receipts and expenditures in connection with financing, construction and operations, including acquisitions and disposals of properties or investments. 37. Periodic or special reports filed by the company on its own behalf with the Commission or with any other Federal or State rate-regulatory agency, including exhibits or amend-	3 years.
ments to such reports:  (a) Reports to Federal and State regulatory commissions including annual financial, operating and statistical reports.	5 years.
(b) Monthly and quarterly reports of operating revenues, expenses, and statistics.	5 years.
38. Advertising: Copies of advertisements by or for the company on behalf of itself or any associate company in newspapers, magazines, and other publications, including costs and other records relevant thereto (excluding advertising of appliances, employment opportunities, routine notices, and invitations for bids all of which may be destroyed at option).	2 years.

# PART 369—STATEMENTS AND REPORTS (SCHEDULES)

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 16451–16463.

Source: Order 684, 71 FR 65267, Nov. 7, 2006, unless otherwise noted.

# § 369.1 FERC Form No. 60, Annual report of centralized service company.

(a) Prescription. The form of annual report for centralized service companies, designated as FERC Form No. 60, is prescribed for the reporting year 2008 and each subsequent year.